How to Avoid Mosquito Bites

- Stay indoors at dawn, dusk, and in the early morning.
- Wear long-sleeved shirts, long pants and socks whenever you are outdoors.
- Use insect repellent products with no more than 10-30% DEET for adults and less than 10% for children 2-12 years old.
- If you choose to use a repellant product other than DEET, such as Picaridin or oil of lemon eucalyptus, refer to www.cdc.gov for details.

West Nile Virus Statistics

- State wide, New Mexico has seen West Nile Virus in all but a few counties.
- Transmission is highest in August and September.
- In New Mexico, the first human case was documented in 2003.
- In 2011, New Mexico reported 4 human cases. None of these cases were in Bernalillo County.
- In 2012, New Mexico reported 47 human cases. 12 of these cases were in Bernalillo County.
- In 2013, New Mexico reported 38 human cases, 6 of these cases were in Bernalillo County.

Understanding, Preventing and Controlling

WEST NILE VIRUS

Bernalillo County Health Protection

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**What is West Nile Virus?**

West Nile Virus is a virus that can cause disease in people, birds, horses and other animals. The virus is spread only by mosquito bites.

**How do people become infected with West Nile Virus?**

People can become infected with the virus through the bite of an infected mosquito. Mosquitoes become infected by the virus from feeding on birds that have the virus in their blood. Once a mosquito is infected, it can transmit the virus to humans, birds, horses or other animals through a bite.

**Can you get West Nile Virus directly from people, birds or other animals?**

The virus is NOT spread from person-to-person (through touch or by kissing). There is also no evidence to suggest that a person can get the virus by touching a dead bird or other animal.

**What are the symptoms of West Nile Virus?**

When symptoms do occur, they usually appear about 2 to 14 days after a person has been bitten. Mild illness includes fever, headache, and body aches. In a small number of severe cases, the disease can affect the central nervous system causing high fever, stiff neck, muscle weakness, disorientation, brain inflammation (encephalitis), coma, and death.

**Is there a treatment for West Nile Virus?**

There is no treatment for the virus. Most people with mild illness recover in a few days. In more severe cases, patients are treated with supportive therapy, which can include hospitalization, intravenous fluids, and respiratory support.

**Is there a vaccine to prevent West Nile Virus?**

There is no vaccine to prevent the virus for humans; however, there is one for horses.

**Who gets West Nile Virus?**

Anyone can get West Nile Virus, but persons 50 years or older are at greater risk.

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**The Truth About Mosquitoes**

- Mosquitoes can carry diseases such as encephalitis, malaria and dog heartworm,
- However, many mosquitoes never carry any disease at all.

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**Controlling Mosquitoes Around Your Home**

- Make sure doors and windows have tight-fitting screens. Repair or replace screens that have tears or holes.
- Dispose of tires, buckets, ceramic pots, plastic containers and similar water-holding containers.
- Keep water-holding swamp cooler units clean.
- Tightly cover cisterns and all water storage containers.
- Clean rain gutters regularly.
- Empty and wash bird baths and wading pools.
- Clean and chlorinate swimming pools; drain water from pool covers.
- Stock garden ponds with mosquito fish. They eat the mosquito eggs and larvae.
- Remove weeds and brush that provide resting places for adult mosquitoes.
- Do not over-irrigate your fields, pastures, or gardens.
- Clean vegetation and debris from canals, ditches, laterals, and drains.